ADDENDUM

The following Board Policies have been added to Item 9.4.1., First Reading of Revised/Updated/New Board Policies:

9. DISCUSSION/ACTION CALENDAR
   9.4. BOARD
       9.4.1. Information: First Reading of Revised/Updated/New Board Policies (Administration)
               BP 6161.1  Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials
               BP 6161.11 Supplementary Instructional Materials
               BP 6164.6  Identification and Education Under Section 504
               BP 6174    Education for English Language Learners
               BP 6177    Summer School

   Elizabeth Griffin, President
   Board of Education
   Chico Unified School District

   Posted: June 18, 2013
SELECTION AND EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

The Board of Education desires that district instructional materials, as a whole, present a broad spectrum of knowledge and viewpoints, reflect the diversity of our society, and enhance the use of multiple teaching strategies and technologies. The Board’s adoption of instructional materials shall be based on a determination that such materials are aligned with the state content standards, meet criteria specified in law and are an effective learning resource to help students achieve grade-level competency.

To ensure that instructional materials effectively support the district’s adopted courses of study, meet curricular goals and support student achievement, the selection of textbooks, technology-based materials, other educational materials and tests shall be aligned with the state and district’s curriculum and standards.

(cf. 0440 - District Technology Plan)
(cf. 6000 - Concepts and Roles)
(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)
(cf. 6141 - Curriculum Development and Evaluation)
(cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)
(cf. 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements)
(cf. 6161 - Equipment, Books and Materials)
(cf. 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials)
(cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment)
(cf. 9000 - Role of the Board)

The Board shall select instructional materials for use in grades K-8 that have been approved by the State Board of Education (SBE) or have otherwise been determined to be aligned with the state academic content standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605 or the Common Core Standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605.8. (Education Code 60200, 60210)

The Board shall adopt instructional materials for grades 9-12 upon determining that the materials meet the criteria specified in law and administrative regulation. (Education Code 60400)

Review Process

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a process by which instructional materials shall be reviewed for recommendation to the Board. This process shall involve teachers in a substantial manner and shall also encourage the participation of parents/guardians and community members. (Education Code 60002).

The district may pilot instructional materials, using a representative sample of classrooms for a specified period of time during a school year, in order to determine how well the materials support the district’s academic standards. Feedback from teachers piloting the materials may be made available to the Board before the materials are adopted.

If the district chooses to use instructional materials for grades K-8 that have not been adopted by the SBE, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that a majority of the participants in the district’s review process are classroom teachers who are assigned to the subject area or grade level of the materials. (Education Code 60210)

The committee shall review instructional materials using criteria provided in law and administrative regulation, and shall provide the Board with documentation supporting its recommendations.

All recommended instructional materials shall be available for public inspection.

Individuals who participate in selecting and evaluating instructional materials shall have no financial interest in the materials being reviewed.

Policy Adopted: 05/03/07; 09/01/10; 05/04/11; 04/18/12
The district may pilot instructional materials, using a representative sample of classrooms for a specified period of time during a school year, in order to determine how well the materials support the district's curricular goals and academic standards. Feedback from teachers piloting the materials shall be made available to the Board before the materials are adopted.

(cf. 3315 - Relations with Vendors)
(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest)

Complaints concerning instructional materials shall be handled in accordance with law, Board policy and administrative regulation.

(cf. 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials)
(cf. 1312.4 – Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)

Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program
In accordance with the Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program, the Board’s priority in the selection of instructional materials is to ensure that all students in grades K-12 are provided with instructional materials that are aligned to state content standards in the core curriculum areas of reading/language arts, mathematics, science and history/social science. Students in grades K-8 shall be provided with instructional materials adopted by the State Board of Education.

Public Hearing on Sufficiency of Instructional Materials
The Board shall annually conduct one or more public hearings on the sufficiency of the district’s textbooks and other instructional materials. (Education Code 60119; 5CCR 9531)

The hearing shall be held on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day students attend school for that year. (Education Code 60119)

The Board shall encourage participation by parents/guardians, teachers, interested community members and bargaining unit leaders at the hearing. The Superintendent or designee shall post, 10 days prior to the hearing and in three public places within the district, a notice containing the time, place and purpose of the hearing. The hearing shall not take place during or immediately following school hours. (Education Code 60119)

(cf. 9322 – Agenda/Meeting Materials)

At these hearings, the Board shall determine, through a resolution, whether each student in each school, including each English learner, has sufficient textbooks and/or instructional materials that are aligned to the state content standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605 in each of the following subjects: (Education Code 60119)

At the hearing(s), the Board shall determine, through a resolution, whether each student in each school, including each English learner, has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials which are aligned to the state content standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605 or the Common Core Standards adopted pursuant to Education Code 60605.8 and which are consistent with the content and cycles of the state's curriculum frameworks. Sufficiency of instructional materials shall be determined in each of the following subjects: (Education Code 60119)

1. Mathematics

Policy Adopted: 05/03/07; 09/01/10; 05/04/11; 04/18/12
2. Science
   (cf. 6142.93 - Science Instruction)

3. History-Social Science
   (cf. 6142.94 - History-Social Science Instruction)

4. English language arts, including the English language development component of an adopted program
   (cf. 6142.91 - English/Language Arts Instruction)
   (cf. 6174 - Education for English Language Learners)

5. Foreign Language
   (cf. 6142.2 - World/Foreign Language Instruction)

6. Health
   (cf. 6142.8 - Comprehensive Health Education)

The Board shall also make a written determination as to whether each student enrolled in a foreign language or
health course has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials that are consistent with the content and cycles of
the state curriculum frameworks. The Board shall also determine the availability of science laboratory equipment,
as applicable to science laboratory courses offered in grades 9-12. (Education Code 60119)

In making these determinations, the Board shall consider whether each student has sufficient textbooks and/or
instructional materials to use in class and to take home. However, this does not require that each student have
two sets of materials. The materials may be in a digital format as long as each student, at a minimum, has and
can access the same materials in the class and to take home as all other students in the same class or course in
the district and has the ability to use and access them at home. However, the materials shall not be considered
sufficient if they are photocopied sheets from only a portion of a textbook or instructional materials copied to
address a shortage. (Education Code 60119)

The Board shall also make a determination that all students within the district who are enrolled in the same course
have "identical" standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials from the same adoption cycle, as defined in
Education Code 1240.3, 60119, and 60422. (Education Code 1240.3, 42605)

However, the district may purchase the newest adopted instructional materials for students in district schools
ranked in deciles 1-3 of the base Academic Performance Index in any one of the past three school years without
necessarily purchasing these materials for use in other district schools. (Education Code 1240.3)

If the Board determines that there are insufficient textbooks and/or instructional materials, the Board shall provide
information to classroom teachers and to the public setting forth, for each school in which an insufficiency exists,
the percentage of students who lack sufficient standards-aligned textbooks or instructional materials in each
subject area and the reasons that each student does not have sufficient textbooks and/or instructional materials.
The Board shall take any action, except an action that would require reimbursement by the Commission of State
Mandates, to ensure that each student has sufficient materials within two months of the beginning of the school
year in which the determination is made. (Education Code 60119)

Complaints
Complaints concerning instructional materials shall be handled in accordance with law, Board policy, and
administrative regulation.

Policy Adopted: 05/03/07; 09/01/10; 05/04/11; 04/18/12
(cf. 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials)
(cf. 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE
220 Prohibition against discrimination
1240 County superintendent, general duties
1240.3 Definition of sufficiency for categorical flexibility
33050-33053 General waiver authority
33126 School accountability report card
35272 Education and athletic materials
42605 Tier 3 categorical flexibility
44805 Enforcement of course of studies; use of textbooks, rules and regulations
49415 Maximum textbook weight
51501 Nondiscriminatory subject matter
60000-60005 Instructional materials, legislative intent
60010 Definitions
60040-60052 Instructional requirements and materials
60060-60062 Requirements for publishers and manufacturers
60070-60076 Prohibited acts (re instructional materials)
60110-60115 Instructional materials on alcohol and drug education
60119 Public hearing on sufficiency of materials
60200-60206 Elementary school materials
60226 Requirements for publishers and manufacturers
60240-60252 State Instructional Materials Fund
60350-60352 Core reading program instructional materials
60400-60411 High school textbooks
60420-60424 Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program
60510-60511 Donation for sale of obsolete instructional materials
60605 State content standards
60605.8 Common Core Standards
60605.86 Supplemental instructional materials aligned with Common Core Standards

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5
9505-9535 Instructional materials, especially;
9531-9532 Instructional Materials Funding Realignment Program

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS
CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS
01-05 Guidelines for Piloting Textbooks and Instructional Materials, September 2001
Standards for Evaluating Instructional Materials for Social Content, 2000
WEB SITES
CSBA: http://www.csba.org
California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov

Policy Adopted: 05/03/07; 09/01/10; 05/04/11; 04/18/12
SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

The Board of Education encourages teachers to use supplementary instructional materials which are relevant to curriculum objectives and compatible with district adopted content standards. By using such materials, teachers can introduce content and instructional strategies that enrich the curriculum, enhance learning, help students make critical judgments, and stimulate their intellectual growth. Such materials shall be aligned with district goals, curriculum objectives, and academic standards and shall supplement and not supplant the use of Board-adopted basic instructional materials that serve as the primary learning resources.

(cf. 0000 - Vision)  
(cf. 0200 - Goals for the School District)  
(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)  
(cf. 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials)  
(cf. 6163.1 - Library Media Centers)

Supplementary instructional materials include, but are not limited to, instructional materials that are designed to serve one or more of the following purposes: (Education Code 60010)

1. To provide more complete coverage of one or more subjects included in a given course
2. To meet the various learning ability levels of students in a given age group or grade level
3. To meet the diverse educational needs of students with a language disability in a given age group or grade level
4. To meet the diverse educational needs of students reflective of a condition of cultural pluralism
5. To use current, relevant technology that further engages interactive learning in the classroom and beyond

(cf. 6142.91 - English/Language Arts Instruction)  
(cf. 6142.92 - Mathematics Instruction)  
(cf. 6142.93 - Science Instruction)  
(cf. 6142.94 - History-Social Science Instruction)

Supplementary instructional materials may be selected by the Superintendent or designee, school administrators, or teachers, as applicable, and obtained through donations to the district and/or available funding sources designated for these purposes.

(cf. 1260 - Educational Foundation)  
(cf. 3290 - Gifts, Grants and Bequests)  
(cf. 4132/4232/4332 - Publication or Creation of Materials)

As appropriate, supplementary instructional materials shall meet the criteria developed for the selection and evaluation of basic instructional materials as described in AR 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials. Supplementary instructional materials shall be directly related to the course of study in which they are being used and shall be appropriate for the age and maturity level of the students.

The use or reproduction of supplementary instructional materials shall be in accordance with federal copyright law.

(cf. 6162.6 - Use of Copyrighted Materials)

To prepare district students to achieve the Common Core Standards in English language arts and mathematics

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
and the English language development standards, as applicable, the Board may select supplementary instructional materials from the lists of materials determined by the State Board of Education (SBE) to be aligned with those standards. (Education Code 60605.86-60605.88)

The Board may approve supplementary instructional materials that are not on the lists approved by the SBE but which are aligned with the Common Core Standards provided that the materials comply with the evaluation criteria established by the SBE and Education Code 60050, 60060-60062, and 60226. The Board shall select content review experts who possess the qualifications specified in law to review and recommend such supplementary materials. The majority of the content review experts shall be teachers who are credentialed and/or authorized in the subject area they are reviewing and the remainder shall include appropriate persons from postsecondary educational institutions, school and district curriculum administrators, and other persons who are knowledgeable in the subject area. (Education Code 60605.86-60605.88)

Teachers shall carefully preview all supplementary instructional materials in order to ensure that, in their professional judgment, the materials are:

1. Directly related to the course of study in which they are being used
2. Appropriate for students’ ages and maturity levels

Supplementary instructional materials must also be consistent with criteria developed for the selection and evaluation of other instructional materials. If the teacher believes that the materials may be in conflict with district criteria, the teacher shall confer with the principal or designee before using them.

(cf. 6161.1 – Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials)

When using supplementary materials, teachers shall provide appropriate introductory and follow-up activities. In addition, teachers shall ensure that supplementary materials do not supplant the use of basic texts or teaching activities.

All materials must be used within legal copyright limits.

(cf. 6162.6 – Use of Copyrighted Materials)

Films

It is the policy of the Chico Unified School District to provide visual materials for students which are appropriate for student viewing, relevant to and support the instructional program and curriculum and compatible with District goals and objectives.

Teachers shall select film, videos, prints and other visual media pursuant to the District’s instructional materials selection and evaluation criteria.

Teachers shall carefully preview all films, videos, prints and other visual media to ensure that, in their professional judgment, the materials:

1. Are directly related to and enrich the course of study in which they are being used
2. Are appropriate for the students’ ages and maturity levels
3. Do not supplant the use of basic texts or teaching activities
4. Are used within legal copyright limits

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
The Superintendent and/or designee will be responsible for developing, implementing, and monitoring any necessary administrative procedures to implement this policy.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE
233.5 Duty regarding instruction in morals, manners, and citizenship
18111 Exclusion of books by governing board
51510 Prohibited study or supplemental materials
51511 Religious matters properly included
51933 Sex education materials
60010 Definitions
60050 Social content review of instructional materials
60060-60062 Requirements of publishers
60200.7 Suspension of state instructional materials adoptions
60226 Learner verification of instructional materials
60242 Uses of instructional materials funds
60400 Adoption of high school instructional materials
60605.8 Common Core Standards
60605.86-60605.88 Supplemental instructional materials aligned with Common Core Standards
60811.3 English language development standards

COURT DECISIONS
Fowler v. Board of Education of Lincoln County, (1978) 819 F.2d 657

Management Resources:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS
Standards for Evaluating Instructional Materials for Social Content, 2000

WEB SITES
CSBA: http://www.csba.org
California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
IDENTIFICATION AND EDUCATION UNDER SECTION 504

The Board of Education recognizes the need to identify and evaluate children with disabilities in order to provide them with a free, appropriate public education. Under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973, individuals with a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, including learning, are eligible to receive services and aids designed to meet their needs as adequately as the needs of nondisabled students are met.

The Superintendent or designee shall establish screening and evaluation procedures to be used whenever there is reason to believe that a student has a disability that limits his/her ability to attend or function at school.

To evaluate the student's eligibility under Section 504, the Superintendent or designee shall convene a school site committee of professionals knowledgeable about the student's individual needs and school history, the meaning of evaluation data, and accommodation options. The student's parent/guardian shall be invited to participate on this committee.

If the student is found to have a disability that requires services under Section 504, the school site committee may develop a written accommodation plan for the student. Upon reviewing the nature of the disability and how it affects the student's education, the committee shall determine what modifications and/or special services and aids are needed. The student shall be educated with nondisabled students to the maximum extent appropriate to the student's individual needs.

The school site committee shall provide the parent/guardian with a notice of procedural safeguards guaranteed by law and a copy of the written accommodation plan.

(cf. 0410—Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)
(cf. 0430—Comprehensive Local Plan for Special Education)
(cf. 5141.24—Specialized Health Care Services)
(cf. 5144.2—Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities))

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
49423.5—Specialized physical health care services
CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5
3051.12—Health and Nursing Services
UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20
1232g—Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974
1400-1487—Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 29
701-796a—Rehabilitation Act
754—Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 504
CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34
104.1-104.61—Nondiscrimination on the basis of handicap, especially
104.1—Purpose to effectuate Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
104.3—Definitions
104.33—Free appropriate public education
104.35—Evaluation and placement
104.36—Procedural safeguards

The Governing Board believes that all children, including children with disabilities, should have an opportunity to learn in a safe and nurturing environment. The district shall work to identify children with disabilities who reside within its jurisdiction in order to ensure that they receive educational and related services required by law.

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
The Superintendent or designee shall provide identified students with disabilities with a free appropriate public education, as defined under Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973. Such students shall receive regular or special education and related aids and services designed to meet their individual educational needs as adequately as the needs of nondisabled students are met. (34 CFR 104.33)

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)
(cf. 0430 - Comprehensive Local Plan for Special Education)
(cf. 5141.21 - Administering Medication and Monitoring Health Conditions)
(cf. 5141.22 - Infectious Diseases)
(cf. 5141.23 - Asthma Management)
(cf. 5141.24 - Specialized Health Care Services)
(cf. 5141.27 - Food Allergies/Special Dietary Needs)
(cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities))
(cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education)

In addition, qualified students with disabilities shall be provided an equal opportunity to participate in programs and activities that are integral components of the district’s basic education program, including, but not limited to, extracurricular athletics, interscholastic sports, and/or other nonacademic activities. (34 CFR 104.37)

(cf. 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities)
(cf. 6145.2 - Athletic Competition)
(cf. 6145.5 - Student Organizations and Equal Access)

In providing services to students with disabilities under Section 504, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure district compliance with law, including providing the students and their parents/guardians with applicable procedural safeguards and required notifications. Any dispute as to the identification, evaluation, or placement of any student with a disability shall be resolved in accordance with the processes specified in the "Procedural Safeguards" section of the accompanying administrative regulation.

Legal Reference:
EDUCATION CODE
49423.5 Specialized physical health care services
CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5
3051.12 Health and Nursing Services
 UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20
1232g Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974
1400-1482 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
 UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 29
705 Definitions; Vocational Rehabilitation Act
794 Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 504
 UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42
12101-12213 Americans with Disabilities Act
 CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34
104.1-104.61 Nondiscrimination on the basis of handicap, especially:
104.1 Purpose to effectuate Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
104.3 Definitions
104.32 Location and notification
104.33 Free appropriate public education
104.34 Educational setting
104.35 Evaluation and placement
104.36 Procedural safeguards
COURT DECISIONS

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS
Rights of Students with Diabetes Under IDEA and Section 504, Policy Brief, November 2007
CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION LEGAL ADVISORIES
Legal Advisory on Rights of Students with Diabetes in California's K-12 Public Schools, August 2007
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS PUBLICATIONS
Dear Colleague Letter; January 2013
Free Appropriate Public Education for Students with Disabilities: Requirements under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, September 2007
WEB SITES
CSBA: http://www.csba.org
California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov
U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights: http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
EDUCATION FOR ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS

The Board of Education intends to provide English language learners with challenging curriculum and instruction that develop proficiency in English as rapidly and effectively as possible in order to assist students in accessing the full educational program and achieving the district's academic standards. The district's program shall be based on sound instructional theory and shall be adequately supported so that English language learners can achieve results at the same academic level as their English-proficient peers in the regular course of study.

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain procedures which provide for the identification, assessment and placement of English language learners and for their redesignation based on criteria adopted by the Board and specified in administrative regulations.

English learners shall be provided English language development instruction targeted to their English proficiency level and aligned with state content standards. The district's program shall be based on sound instructional theory and adequately supported in order to assist students in accessing the full educational program.

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)
(cf. 6141 - Curriculum Development and Evaluation)
(cf. 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials)
(cf. 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials)
(cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that all staff employed to teach English learners possess the appropriate authorization from the Commission on Teacher Credentialing.

(cf. 4112.22 – Staff Teaching English Language Learners)

Identification and Assessment
The Superintendent or designee shall maintain procedures which provide for the accurate identification of English learners and an assessment of their proficiency and needs in the areas of listening, speaking, reading, and writing in English.

Once identified as an English learner, a student shall be annually assessed for language proficiency until he/she is reclassified based on criteria specified in administrative regulation.

Placement of English Learners

Type of Instruction
Students who are English language learners shall be educated through "sheltered English immersion" or "structured English immersion" as defined in law and administrative regulation, during a temporary transition period not normally intended to exceed one year. "Nearly all" of the classroom instruction in the district's sheltered structured English immersion program shall be in English, but with the curriculum and presentation designed for students who are learning the language. (Education Code 305, 306)

The district has defined the term For purposes of determining the amount of instruction conducted in English in the structured English immersion classroom, "nearly all" shall be defined as follows:

No less than 80% of instruction shall be delivered in English. Primary language support may be utilized to support student understanding and promote student success in the curriculum.

When an English language learner has acquired a reasonable level of English proficiency as measured by any of the state-designated assessments approved by the California Department of Education, or any locally developed District assessments, and/or using other criteria, developed by the district, he/she shall be transferred from a

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
structured English immersion classroom to an English language mainstream classroom in which the instruction is overwhelmingly in English. (Education Code 305; 5 CCR 11301)

An English learner has acquired a "reasonable level of English proficiency" when he/she has achieved the following:

- Intermediate level on CELDT in listening and speaking
- Intermediate level on CELDT in reading and writing

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)
(cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment)
(cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)

Upon the request of his/her parent/guardian, a student shall be placed in an English language mainstream classroom.
At any time during the school year, the parent/guardian of an English learner may have his/her child moved into an English language mainstream program. (5 CCR 11301)

Parental Exception Waivers
Parent/guardian requests for waivers from Education Code 305 regarding placement in a sheltered English immersion program shall be granted in accordance with law and administrative regulation.
When allowed by law, the parent/guardian of an English learner may submit a request that his/her child be exempted from placement in a structured English immersion program and instead be placed in a class where he/she is taught English and other subjects through bilingual education techniques or other generally recognized educational methodologies permitted by law. (Education Code 310-311)

Each waiver request shall be considered on its individual merits with deference given to parental preference for student placement.

A waiver request shall be granted in accordance with law unless the principal and educational staff have determined that an alternative program would not be better suited to the student's overall educational development. (5 CCR 11309)

If the Superintendent or designee denies the waiver request, he/she shall provide a written justification to the parent/guardian describing the reasons for the denial. A parent/guardian may appeal the Superintendent's decision in writing to the Board. The Board may consider the matter at its next regular Board meeting. The Board may decide not to hear the appeal, in which case the Superintendent's decision shall be final. If the Board hears the appeal, the Superintendent shall send the Board's decision to the parent/guardian within seven working days.

Program Evaluation
The Superintendent or designee shall regularly evaluate the effectiveness of the district's educational program for English learners, including the progress of English learners towards proficiency in English, the number and percentage of English learners reclassified as fluent English proficient, the number and percentage of English learners who are or are at risk of being classified as long-term English learners, the achievement of English learners on standards-based tests in core curricular areas, and a comparison of current data with data from at least the previous year. Reports from any district or schoolwide English learner advisory committee shall be made available to the public.
Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE
300-340 English language education
430-446 English Learner and Immigrant Pupil Federal Conformity Act
33050 State Board of Education waiver authority
44253.1-44253.11 Qualifications for teaching English learners
48985 Notices to parents in language other than English
51101-51101.1 Rights of parents
52130-52135 Impacted Languages Act of 1984
52160-52178 Bilingual Bicultural Act
52180-52186 Bilingual teacher training assistance program
54000-54028 Programs for disadvantaged children
60200.7 Suspension of state instructional materials adoptions
60605.87 Supplemental instructional materials, English language development
60810-60812 Assessment of language development
62005.5 Continuation of advisory committee after program sunsets
CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5
11300-11316 English learner education
11510-11517 California English Language Development Test
UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20
1701-1705 Equal Educational Opportunities Act
6312 Local education agency plans
6801-6871 Title III, Language instruction for limited English proficient and immigrant students
7012 Parental notification
COURT DECISIONS
California Teachers Association v. State Board of Education et al., (9th Circuit, 2001) 271 F.3d 1141
ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS

Management Resources:

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS
English Language Development Standards for California Public Schools: Kindergarten Through Grade Twelve, 2012
Matrix of Test Variations, Accommodations, and Modifications for Administration of California Statewide Assessments
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION NONREGULATORY GUIDANCE
Assessment and Accountability for Recently Arrived and Former Limited English Proficient (LEP) Students, May 2007
WEB SITES
California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/el

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
SUMMER SCHOOL

The Board of Education recognizes that summer school provides valuable opportunities for students to improve their skills and make academic progress. When the need is demonstrated and funds are available, the Superintendent or designee, with Board approval, shall establish summer school day and/or evening classes for purposes of remediation, enrichment or acceleration.

The district shall offer summer instructional programs for high school seniors who need courses for graduation prior to September. (Education Code 41976.5)

(cf. 6146.1—High School Graduation Requirements)

The district's summer school program may be used to provide supplemental instruction for students failing to meet academic requirements and/or students who desire enrichment in core academic subjects in accordance with law, Board policy and administrative regulation. (Education Code 37252, 37252.2, 37252.8, 37253, 53029, 53093; 5 CCR 11472)

(cf. 5123—Promotion/Acceleration/Retention)
(cf. 6011—Academic Standards)
(cf. 6142—Courses of Study)
(cf. 6146.5—Elementary/Middle School Graduation Requirements)
(cf. 6162.52—High School Exit Examination)
(cf. 6179—Supplemental Instruction)

The Governing Board recognizes that an extended break from the instructional program may result in learning loss, especially among disadvantaged and low-achieving students, and desires to provide opportunities during the summer for students to practice essential skills and make academic progress.

Summer programs offered by the district shall be aligned with district goals and curriculum. When feasible, summer programs shall blend high-quality academic instruction in core curricular and/or elective subjects with recreation, nutrition programs, social/emotional development, and support services that encourage attendance, student engagement in learning, and student wellness.

(cf. 0200 - Goals for the School District)
(cf. 3552 - Summer Meal Program)
(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)
(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)
(cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development Program)
(cf. 6142.7 - Physical Education and Activity)
(cf. 6153 - School-Sponsored Trips)

**Summer School**

When funds are available, the Superintendent or designee, shall establish summer school classes.

(cf. 5148.2 - Before/After School Program)
(cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)
(cf. 6175 - Migrant Education Program)

The district's summer school program may be used to provide supplemental instruction for students failing to meet academic requirements and/or students who desire enrichment in core academic subjects in accordance with law, Board policy, and administrative regulation. (Education Code 37252, 37252.2, 37252.8, 37253, 41505-41506; 5 CCR 11472)

(cf. 5123 - Promotion/Acceleration/Retention)

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
(cf. 5147 - Dropout Prevention)  
(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)  
(cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)  
(cf. 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements)  
(cf. 6146.5 - Elementary/Middle School Graduation Requirements)  
(cf. 6162.52 - High School Exit Examination)  
(cf. 6176 - Weekend/Saturday Classes)  
(cf. 6179 - Supplemental Instruction)  

Enrollment Priorities  
Priority to enroll in summer programs shall be given to district students who:

1. Need course credits in order to graduate from high school by September

2. Are eligible for supplemental instruction on the basis of retention, recommendation for retention, or insufficient progress toward the state high school exit examination pursuant to Education Code 37252 and 37252.2

The remaining openings shall be offered to district students on a first-come first-serve basis.

To the extent that space is available after district students have enrolled, remaining openings in high school summer classes for core academic subjects may be open to private school students.

Attendance  
Because summer courses cover extensive instructional content in a relatively short time period, consistent class attendance is crucial.  
Because summer courses cover extensive instructional content in a relatively short time period, students who have more than two excused absences or one unexcused absence may not receive credit for summer session class(es).

(cf. 5113 - Absences and Excuses)  
(cf. 6154 - Homework/Make-Up Work)  

Legal Reference:  
EDUCATION CODE  
8482-8484.6 After School Education and Safety Program  
8484.7-8484.9 21st Century Community Learning Centers  
37252-37254.1 Supplemental instruction  
39937 Transportation to summer employment programs  
41505-41608 Pupil Retention Block Grant  
41976.8 Summer school programs, substantially disabled persons or graduating high school seniors  
42238.8 Revenue limit for average daily attendance  
42239 Summer school apportionments  
48070-48070.5 Promotion and retention  
51210 Areas of study for elementary schools  
51220 Areas of study for grades 7-12  
51730-51732 Powers of governing boards (authorization for elementary summer school classes)  
54444.3 Summer program for migrant students  
56345 Extended-year program for special education students  
58700-58702 Credit towards summer school apportionments for tutoring and homework assistance  
58806 Summer school apportionments  
60851 Supplemental instruction toward exit examination

Policy Adopted: 05-03-07
REPEALED EDUCATION CODE FOR CATEGORICAL PROGRAMS
53025-53032 Intensive reading instruction
53091-53095 Intensive algebra instruction
CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5
3043 Extended school year, special education students
11470-11472 Summer school
UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20
6311-6322 Improving basic programs for disadvantaged students
7171-7176 21st Century Community Learning Centers

Management Resources:
CSBA PUBLICATIONS
School’s Out, Now What? How Summer Programs Are Improving Student Learning and Wellness, Policy Brief, April 2013
NATIONAL SUMMER LEARNING ASSOCIATION PUBLICATIONS
Healthy Summers for Kids: Turning Risk into Opportunity, May 2012
New Vision for Summer School, 2010
RAND CORPORATION PUBLICATIONS
Making Summer Count: How Summer Programs Can Boost Children’s Learning, 2011
WEB SITES
CSBA: http://www.csba.org
California Department of Education: http://www.cde.ca.gov
National Summer Learning Association: http://www.summerlearning.org
Partnership for Children and Youth: http://partnerforchildren.org
RAND Corporation: http://www.rand.org
Summer Matters: http://summermatters2you.net